Tints, Tones and Shades

In painting, everything has a colour. The word hue is used to describe a colour or the shade of a colour.

Tints

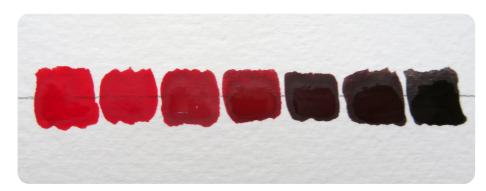
A tint is a colour mixed with white. The more white paint that is added to the original colour, the lighter the tint. A tint can range from slightly lighter than the original colour, to almost white. When mixing a tint, begin with the pure colour and add white paint a tiny bit at a time.



tints of red

Shades

A shade is a colour mixed with black. The more black paint that is added to the original colour, the darker the shade. A shade can range from slightly darker than the original colour, to nearly black. When mixing a shade, begin with the pure colour and add black paint a tiny bit at a time.



shades of red

Tones

A tone is a colour mixed with grey. Tones are less vibrant than the original colour. Using a tonal colour in a painting balances other intense colours and bright hues. When mixing a tone, begin with the pure colour and add grey paint a tiny bit at a time.



Mixing tints, shades and tones

This diagram shows how tints, shades and tones are made.



Creating light and shadow

Tints and shades are used in paintings to create light and shadow. This painting by Vincent van Gogh is a good example of the use of tints and shades. The apples in the foreground are painted in tints of green to emphasise light. The apples in the background are painted in shades of green to show that they are in the shadows.



Still Life with Basket of Apples by Vincent van Gogh, 1885

Landscapes

A landscape is an artwork that represents an environment. Examples include coastal landscapes, cityscapes or fantasy landscapes. Landscapes should feature a horizon and perspective, which gives the artwork depth and an impression of distance.

Glossary

horizon	The line at which the Earth's surface and the sky appear to meet.
hue	A version of a colour.
perspective	A technique that enables artists to add depth to a painting or drawing.

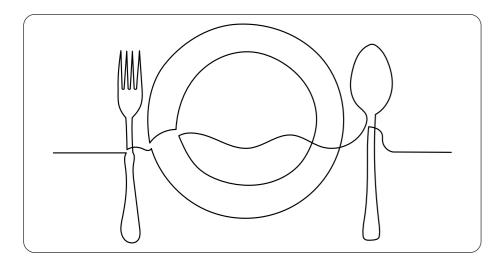




Line, Light and Shadows

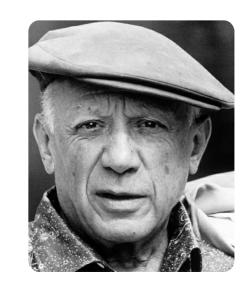
Continuous line drawing

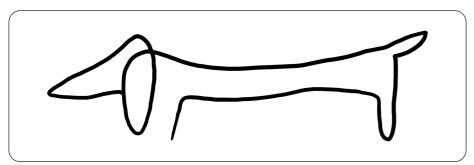
Continuous line drawings are made by keeping a pen or pencil in contact with the paper for the duration of the drawing. These drawings help artists to develop their observational skills because they have to look carefully at what is in front of them.



Pablo Picasso

Pablo Picasso was a Spanish painter who lived from 1881 to 1973. He used many artistic styles, including the continuous line technique. He would take a complex subject and simplify it into one unbroken line.

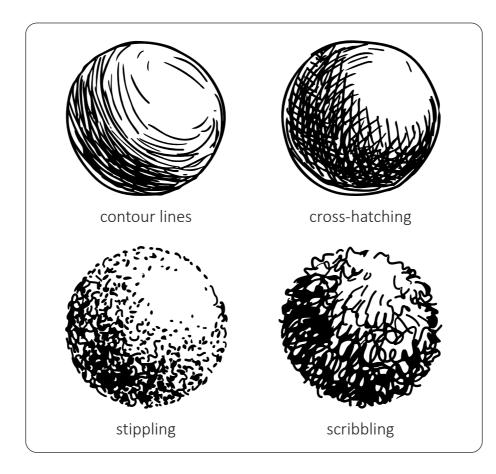




Reproduction of Pablo Picasso's Dog

Shading

Shading is a technique that artists use to give the illusion of a 3-D form on a 2-D surface. It creates form by showing areas of light and shadow. The artist typically begins with the light areas then works towards the dark shades. There are several common shading techniques.



These techniques can be used together to create different effects.



Untitled pencil drawing by Kaspar Hauser, 1829

Pen and ink

Pen and ink can be used as an alternative to pencil. The deep colour of the ink allows the artist to create strong areas of contrast. Shading techniques can be used with an ink wash. Using an ink wash means applying ink with water and a paintbrush.



Rembrandt

Rembrandt Harmenszoon van Rijn, simply known as Rembrandt, was a Dutch painter who lived in the 17th century. He had a love of line drawings. Many of his pieces were created using pen and ink.



The Return of the Prodigal Son by Rembrandt Harmenszoon van Rijn, c1642



Black and white photography

In black and white photography, distracting colours are replaced with tones of grey. This helps the viewer to concentrate on other aspects, such as line, shape, tone, form, texture, pattern and composition. Black and white photographs make dramatic pieces because they enhance the contrast between dark and light spaces. Shadows and strong lines can also create abstract images.



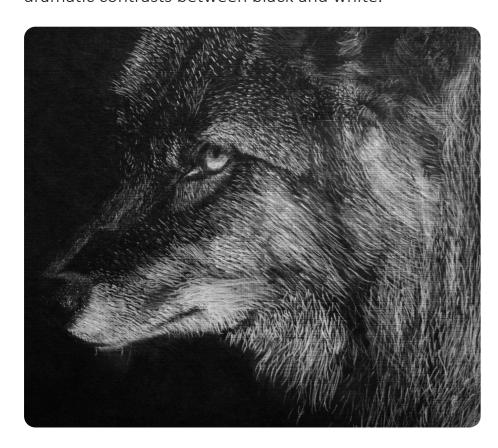






Drawing on black paper

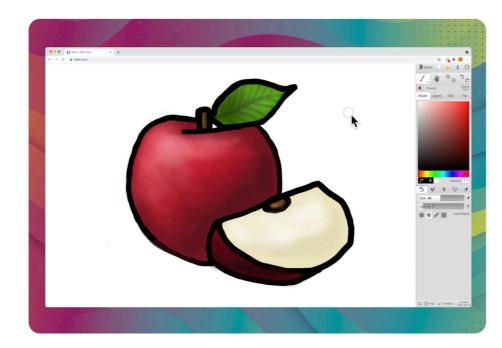
When artists draw on black paper, they typically shade in reverse, from pitch black to medium grey to bright white marks. They do this because the black paper already provides the dark sections. These drawings create dramatic contrasts between black and white.



Paint software

Paint software can be used to record and edit images. For example, photographs can be uploaded and converted into drawings.

The software has various tools, such as brushes, pens and the paint bucket for filling areas. It also has more advanced applications, such as the opacity slider, blending brush and colour picking tool, which allow the artist to apply shade and transition between tones.



Glossary

Glossary	
abstract	Abstract art consists of shapes and patterns rather than realistic representations of objects.
composition	How the subjects of a picture are arranged.
contrast	The degree of difference between the lighter and darker parts of an image.
form	The three-dimensional aspect of a picture
observation	The process of watching something carefully.
opacity	The degree to which an object cannot be seen through.
shade	Shadows in a picture.
texture	The way something feels.
tone	A lighter or darker shade of the same





colour.